#### **TOWNSHIP OF WELLS**

Tuscola County, Michigan Annual Financial Statements and Auditor's Report

March 31, 2004

#### TOWNSHIP BOARD

Supervisor	Melvin L. Witkovsky
Treasurer	Lorraine Hergenreder
Clerk	Karen Varney
Trustee	John Sokol
Trustee	Curt Diver

## AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.

	I Governmen			1		Local Govern	ment Name				County		
Audit		owns	ship	Village Opinion	Other	WELL		عيلاح	HIP			COLA	
	-31-0	4		J4		82007	Dale Account	ant Repor	t Submitted (	o State:			
			he finan			this local ur	uit of governo		2-68			·	
prepa <i>Repo</i> Depa	We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Band (GASB) and the Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government of Treasury.  We affirm that:												
We a	ffirm that:									1 11	1 2	-1130FV	
	1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan as revised.												
	We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.  We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of comments and recommendations.												
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$\overline{}$	ust check												
yes	s 📉 no	1	. Certa	in comp	onent unit	s/funds/ager	icies of the lo	cal unit	are exclud	ded from th	e finan c	cial stateme	nts.
yes	i Ø⊾no	2	. There earnin	are ac	cumulated 275 of 19	d deficits in 980).	one or more	e of th	is unit's u	nreserved	fund ba	alances/retai	ined
yes	no 🔯	3.	. There 1968,	are ins as amer	tances of nded).	non-complia	nce with the	Unifor	m Account	ing and B	udgetinç	g Act (P.A.	2 of
yes	yes no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.						Act						
yes	⊠ no	5.	The lo	cal unit 3, as am	holds dep ended (M	osits/investm CL 129.91],	nents which o or P.A. 55 of	lo not d 1982, a	omply with s amender	n statutory d [MCL 38.	require: 1132]).	ments. (P.A.	20
yes	on 🔀	6.					distributing t					another tax	ing
yes on 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).													
yes	X no	8.	The loca 1995 (M	al unit u ICL 129.	ses credit 241).	cards and h	as not adopt	ed an a	pplicable p	oolicy as re	quired (	by P.A. 266	of
yes no 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).													
We hav	e enclos	ed t	he follo	owing:					_	ı To Be	<b>.</b>	Not	
The lette	r of comm	ents	and red	commen	dations.				Enclosed	Forward	led	Required	
Reports	on individu	ual fe	ederal fi	nancial a	assistance	programs (	orogram audi	ts).			$\dashv$	X	
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).													
Certified F	Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BEANHARDT + DORAN, P.C.												
Street Add	dress_		- A	- / , <u> </u>	-1411	1123	* DORA	N,	P.C.	State	ZIP		
Accountant	t Signature	<u>/</u>	Jan	K O	STREE	SPA		180		MI	87	23	

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## ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C.

**Certified Public Accountants** 

Gary R. Anderson, CPA Jerry J. Bernhardt, CPA Thomas B. Doran, CPA

Robert L. Tuckey, CPA Valerie Jamieson Hartel, CPA Jamie L. Peasley, CPA

June 18, 2004

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Members of the Township Board Township of Wells Tuscola County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Township of Wells as of March 31, 2004 and for the year then ended. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Township of Wells management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

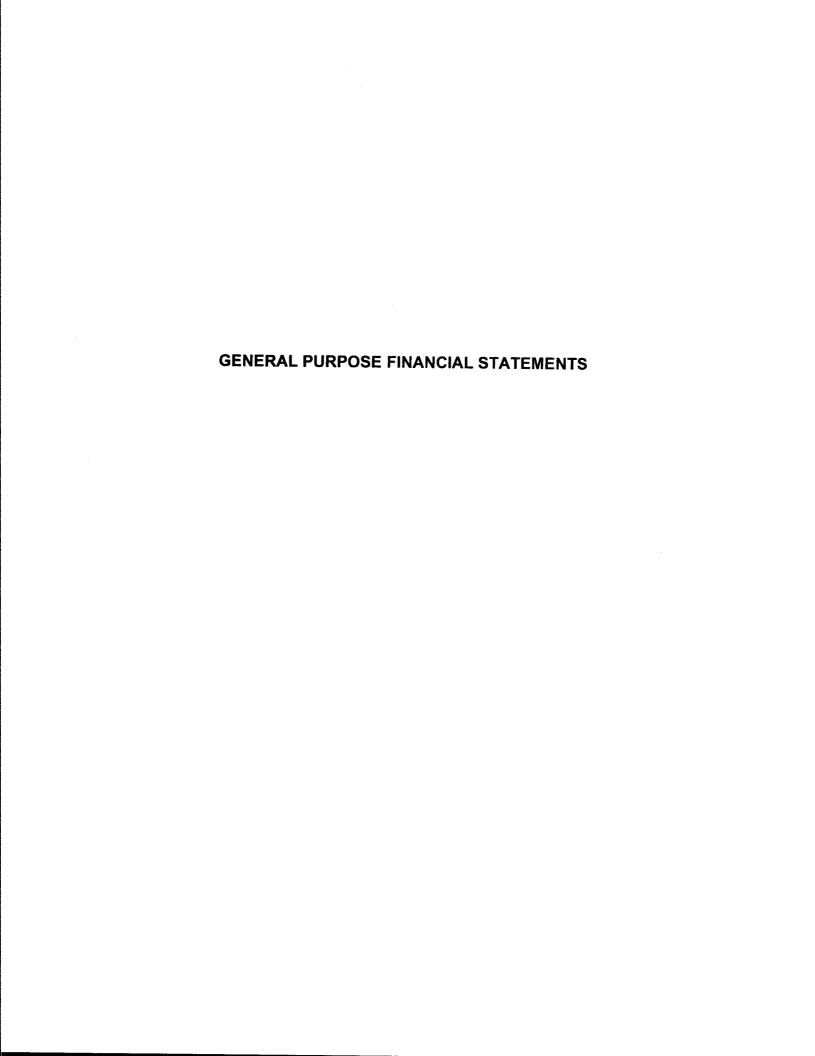
We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Township of Wells as of March 31, 2004, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental financial information listed in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of Township of Wells. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Ontern, Tucky, Remland & Boron, P.C.

ANDERSON, TUCKEY, BERNHARDT & DORAN, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



COMBINED BALANCE SHEET -ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS March 31, 2004

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES			FIDUCIARY FUND TYPE		CCOUNT GROUP		
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	CO	RENT TAX LLECTION FUND		ENERAL FIXED ASSETS		TOTALS MORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS								
Cash Certificate of Deposit-New Town Hall Certificate of Deposit-Hurds Corner Road	\$ 113,721 71,126 77,618	\$ 45,846	\$	94,613			\$	254,180 71,126
Taxes Receivable Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	50,660	79,342		147,389				77,618 147,389 130,002
Road Millage Savings Property, Plant & Equipment at cost	•	75			\$	78,935		75 78,935
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 313,125	\$ 125,263	\$	242,002	_\$	78,935	\$	759,325
<b>LIABILITIES &amp; FUND EQUITY</b> Liabilities:								
Due to other funds			\$	130,002			\$	130,002
Due to other taxing units				112,000			<u> </u>	112,000
Total Liabilities		<u> </u>		242,002				242,002
Fund Balance: Reserved for New Town Hall Reserved for Hurds Corner Road Project	\$ 71,126 77,618							71,126 77,618
Investment in General Fixed Assets Undesignated	164,381	\$ 125,263			\$	78,935		78,935 289,644
Total Fund Balance	313,125	125,263		-		78,935		517,323
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	\$ 313,125	\$ 125,263	\$	242,002	\$	78,935	\$	759,325

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

		SENERAL FUND	SPECIAL EVENUE FUND	(ME	TOTAL MORANDUM)
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$	49,899	\$ 153,988	\$	203,887
State Revenue Sharing		144,763			144,763
Cemetery Revenue		, 4,650			4,650
Interest Fire Refunds		4,769	267		5,036
		4,150			4,150
Land Division Permits Special Use Permits		800			800
Refuse collection assessments		-			-
Zoning Permits		-	22,214		22,214
Other		850			850
Other		3,561	 		3,561
TOTAL REVENUES		213,442	 176,469		389,911
EXPENDITURES:					
Legislative		6,086			6,086
General Government		57,910			57,910
Public Safety		26,739			26,739
Public Works		100,465			100,465
Road Construction		-	55,155		100,400
Refuse Collection Operations		-	51,136		
Recreation & Culture	<del>-</del>	500	 ·		500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		191,700	 106,291		191,700
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES		21,742	70,178		198,211
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 1, 2003		291,383	 55,085		264,364
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2004	\$	313,125	\$ 125,263	\$	462,575

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	GENERAL FUND			
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES: Property Taxes State Revenue Sharing Cemetery Revenue Interest Fire Refunds Land Division Permits Special Use Permits Zoning Permits Refuse collection assessments Taxes Other	\$ 46,782 137,000 3,500 3,900 5,000 1,000 400 1,000	\$ 49,899 144,763 4,650 4,769 4,150 800 - 850	\$ 3,117 7,763 1,150 869 (850) (200) (400) (150) - - 2,861	
TOTAL REVENUES	199,282	213,442	14,160	
EXPENDITURES: Legislative General Government Public Safety Public Works Road Construction Refuse collection operaions Recreation & Culture	7,130 72,696 26,230 221,750	6,086 57,910 26,739 100,465	1,044 14,786 (509) 121,285 - -	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	328,306	191,700	136,606	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES  FUND BALANCE - APRIL 1, 2003	(129,024) 291,383	21,742 291,383	150,766 - -	
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2004	\$ 162,359	\$ 313,125	150,766	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TYPES

TOTAL
(MEMORANDUM ONLY)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
		\$ -	\$ 46,782	\$ 49,899	\$ 3,117
		-	137,000	144,763	7,763
		-	3,500	4,650	1,150
225	267	(42)	4,125	5,036	911
		` <u>-</u>	5,000	4,150	(850)
		-	1,000	800	(200)
		-	400	-	(400)
		-	1,000	850	(150)
33,060	22,214	10,846	33,060	22,214	(10,846)
145,939	153,988	(8,049)	145,939	153,988	8,049
		<u>-</u>	700	3,561	2,861
470.004	470 400				2,001
179,224	176,469	2,755	377,806	386,350	8,544
55,100 54,100	55,155 51,136	- - - (55) 2,964	7,130 72,696 26,230 221,750 55,100 54,100	6,086 57,910 26,739 100,465 55,155 51,136	1,044 14,786 (509) 121,285 (55) 2,964
			500	500	-
109,200	106,291	2,909	437,506	297,991	139,515
70,024	70,178	(154)	377,306	385,850	8,544
55,085	55,085		346,468	346,468	-
\$ 125,109	\$ 125,263	<b>\$</b> (154)	\$ 377,806	\$ 386,350	\$ 8,544

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:**

## **DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP OPERATIONS & FUND TYPES:**

The Township of Wells, Tuscola County, Michigan covers an area of approximately 36 square miles within Tuscola County. The Township operates under an elected Board of Trustees (5 members) and provides services to its more than 1,500 residents in many areas including public works, public safety, community enrichment and development and human services.

The financial statements of the Township of Wells have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The U.S. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY:

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP, currently GASB Statement #14, the Financial Reporting Entity.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the general purpose financial statements of the Township of Wells contain all the funds and account groups controlled by the Township's Board of Trustees as no other entity meets the criteria to be considered a blended component unit or a discretely presented component of the Township nor is the Township a component unit of another entity.

#### B. FUND ACCOUNTING:

The government uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types".

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The general fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other funds.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS - are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise fund) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service fund).

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

#### B. FUND ACCOUNTING, (Continued):

FIDUCIARY FUNDS - are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the government.

ACCOUNT GROUPS – are used to account for fixed assets and long-term liabilities which are not reported in the respective governmental funds.

#### C. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increase (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and decrease (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e. when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, federal and state grants, special assessments, licenses, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines, permits and sales tax and other state revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The government reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when the resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

## D. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING:

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. The Township does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

#### E. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash includes amounts in petty cash and demand deposits. Investments included instruments allowed by state statute subsequently described. Investments are carried at fair market value.

State statutes authorized the Township to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct and certain indirect obligations of the U.S. Treasury, which include securities issued or guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a bank, savings and loan association, or credit union, which is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, Federal Savings and Loan Insurance; Corporation, or National Credit Union Administration, respectively; and in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase and not totaling more than 40% of any fund at any time. The Township is also authorized to invest in U.S. Government of federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptance of U.S. banks, and mutual funds composed of investments as outlined above.

#### F. RECEIVABLES:

Receivables consist primarily of amounts for taxes and customers charges. No allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary and credit risk is minimal because of the large number of customers and the authority of the Township to add receivables to the tax rolls which are secured by the underlying property.

#### G. FIXED ASSETS:

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the general fixed assets account group. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Fixed assets purchased within the proprietary funds and the non-expendable trust fund are reported as assets within those funds and accordingly, are included on their balance sheet.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (Continued):

#### G. FIXED ASSETS, (Continued):

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government. Primarily because of this policy, total expenditures for capital improvements in the governmental funds do not equal total additions to the general fixed assets account group.

#### H. FUND EQUITY:

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use.

#### I. <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS:</u>

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Non-reoccurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers.

#### J. MEMORANDUM ONLY - TOTAL COLUMNS:

The total columns on the combined statements are captioned memorandum only to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### **NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAX REVENUE:**

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on the property as of December 1. Taxes are levied on December 1 and are due in February of the following year. The Township bills and collects its own property taxes and also taxes for the county, intermediate school district and school districts. All tax collections are accounted for in the tax collection fund, an agency fund. Township tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year which includes the December 1 levy date. The Township levied a general millage of 1.2577 mills and a special road millage of 1.9636. In addition, the Township collected the State Education Tax which was levied July 1st and due September 15th.

The Township participates in the Tuscola County Delinquent Tax Fund, which purchases all of the uncollected property tax of the Township each year. The Township receives settlement with the County for all uncollected taxes. On this basis, the full amount of the taxes levied is accrued as income in the year levied.

#### **NOTE 3 – INVESTMENT IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS:**

The general fixed assets of the Township consist of the following:

	BALANCE APRIL 1, 2003	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2004
Land Building Equipment	\$10,000 5,629 <u>63,306</u>			\$10,000 5,629 63,306
Total	\$78,935	NONE	NONE	\$78,935

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:**

#### **DEPOSITS:**

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits was \$402,924 and the bank balance was \$402,924, \$200,000 of which was covered by federal depository insurance. Michigan law does not require collateralization of government deposits. All of the Township's funds, in accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, were invested in local banks.

#### **INVESTMENTS:**

State statutes and Township policy authorize the Township to invest in obligations of the United States, or agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the top two classifications by at least two of the four rating agencies, certificates of deposits, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptance, and mutual funds.

The Township investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed at year end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Township or its agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker's or dealer's trust department or agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer or by its trust department but not in the Township's name. The Township held no Category 2 or 3 investments at March 31, 2004.

The Township's cash, cash equivalents, investments and restricted assets at March 31, 2004 are composed of the following:

esses of the following.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	RESTRICTED
Consent Francis	LQUIVALLINIS	<u>ASSETS</u>
General Fund: Deposits Other Funds:	\$113,721	\$148,744
Deposits	140,459	
	\$254,180	\$148,744

#### **NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS:**

The Township pays no employee benefits.

#### **NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT:**

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township carries commercial insurance to cover any losses that may result from the above described activities. For insured programs, there have been no significant reduction in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

#### **NOTE 7 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS:**

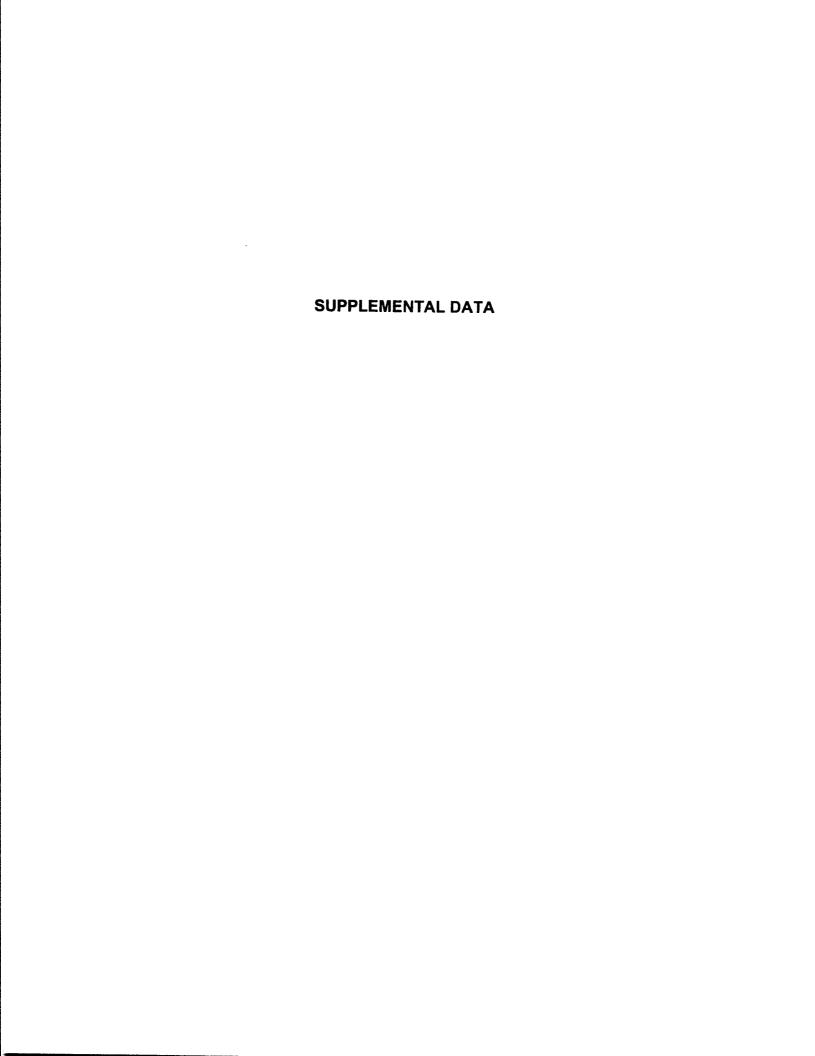
The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- On or prior to December 1 of each year, a proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Trustees for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers comments.
- 3. Prior to February 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Any revisions of the budget must be approved by the Board of Trustees.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund and special revenue funds.
- 6. Budgets for general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees during the fiscal year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were amended.
- 7. The budget is prepared by fund and function and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed budget at the function level.

#### NOTE 8 - DUE TO AND FROM OTHER FUNDS:

Due to and from other funds balances at March 31, 2004 are as follows:

FUND	DUE FROM <u>OTHER FUNDS</u>	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS
Special Revenue Funds General Fund	\$ 79,342 50,660	
Current Tax Collection Fund	-	<u>\$130,002</u>
TOTAL	\$130,002	\$130.002



## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Taxes:			
Current Property Taxes and Fees Delinquent Taxes and Fees	46,782 	49,899 	3,117
Total Taxes	46,782	49,899	3,117
Intergovernmental Revenues:			
State Revenue Sharing	137,000	144,763	7,763
Other Revenue: Cemetery Revenue Interest Fire Refunds Land Division Permits Special Use Permits Zoning Permits Miscellaneous	3,500 3,900 5,000 1,000 400 1,000	4,650 4,769 4,150 800 -	1,150 869 (850) (200) (400) (150)
Misociaricous	700	3,561_	2,861
Total other revenue	15,500	18,780	3,280
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 199,282	\$ 213,442	\$ 14,160

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE - FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Legislative:			
Township Board	\$ 7,130	\$ 6,086	\$ 1,044
General Government:			
Township Supervisor	7,362	7,115	247
Treasurer	13,325	13,564	(239)
Clerk	8,719	8,187	532
Board of Appeals	220	0,107	220
Board of Review	1,200	830	370
Payroll Taxes	3,000	2,949	51
Zoning Administrator	3,300	3,163	137
Cemetery Operations	8,000	7,452	548
Assessor	7,220	6,794	426
Planning Commission	5,020	403	4,617
Buildings & Grounds	7,350	6,668	682
Other General Government	7,980	785	7,195
Total General Government	72,696	57,910	14,786
Public Safety:			
Fire Protection	26,230	26,739	(509)
Total Public Safety	26,230	26,739	(509)
Public Works:			
Road Maintenance & Construction Special Road Millage	207,750	83,409	124,341
Drain-at-Large	14,000	17,056	(3,056)
Total Public Works	221,750	100,465	121,285
Recreation and Culture:			
Library	500_	500	_
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 328,306	\$ 191,700	\$ 136,606

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET March 31, 2004

	ROAD FUND		GARBAGE FUND		TOTALS MARCH 31, 2004	
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS:						
Cash in bank			\$	45,846	\$	45,846
Road Millage Savings	\$	75				75
Due from other funds		61,824		17,518		79,342
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>*</u>	61,899	\$	63,364	\$	125,263
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY						
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY						
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable						
FUND BALANCE:						
Undesignated	\$	61,899	\$	63,364	\$	125,263
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY	\$	61,899	\$	63,364	\$	125,263

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

		OAD UND	GARBAGE FUND		TOTALS MARCH 31, 2004	
REVENUES: Taxes Interest Refuse collection assessments	\$	61,824 145	\$	92,164 122 22,214	\$	153,988 267 22,214
TOTAL REVENUES		61,969		114,500	<del></del>	176,469
EXPENDITURES: Road construction Refuse collection operations		55,155 55,155		51,136 51,136		55,155 51,136 106,291
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		55,155		51,136		106,291
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers - in	-	6,814		63,364		70,178
EXCESS OF REVENUES & OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		6,814		63,364	•	70,178
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 1, 2003		55,085				55,085
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2004	\$	61,899	\$	63,364	\$	125,263

ROAD FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES: Taxes - current Taxes - delinguent	\$ 145,939	\$ 61,824	\$ (84,115)		
Interest	100_	145	45		
TOTAL REVENUES	146,039	61,969	(84,070)		
EXPENDITURES: Road construction	55,100	55,155	(55)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	55,100	55,155	(55)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	90,939	6,814	(84,015)		
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 1, 2003	55,085	55,085	<u>-</u>		
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2004	\$ 146,024	\$ 61,899	\$ (84,015)		

#### REFUSE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE- FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES: Current Property Taxes and Fees	\$ 91,000	\$ 92,164	\$ 1,164		
Special assessments Interest	33,060 125	22,214 122	(10,846) (3)		
TOTAL REVENUES	124,185	114,500	(9,685)		
EXPENDITURES:					
Office supplies	225	192	33		
Postage Contractor	800	797	3		
	51,775	48,866	2,909		
Attorney Refunds	575	572	3		
	525	523	2		
Printing and Publishing	200	186	14		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	54,100	51,136	2,964		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	70.005				
OVER EXPENDITORES	70,085	63,364	(6,721)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers - in					
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	70,085	63,364	(6,721)		
FUND BALANCE - APRIL 1, 2003	-	_	-		
FUND BALANCE - MARCH 31, 2004	\$ 70,085	\$ 63,364	\$ (6,721)		

#### CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

	ALANCE APRIL 1, 2003	A	DDITIONS	DE	DUCTIONS		ALANCE ARCH 31, 2004
ASSETS Cash in Bank-Savings Cash in Bank-Checking Taxes Receivable-Winter Taxes Receivable-Summer	\$ 90,686 146 11,879	\$	895,398 125,343 10,167	\$	891,566 51	\$	94,518 95 137,222 10,167
TOTAL ASSETS	 102,711	\$	1,030,908	_\$	891,617	_\$_	242,002
LIABILITIES  Due to General Fund  Due to Garbage Fund	\$ 47,772 -	\$	47,772 73,258	\$	50,660 90,776	\$	50,660 17,518
Due to Road Fund Due to other taxing units  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 54,939 - - 102,711	<b></b>	54,939 715,648 <b>891,617</b>	<b>\$</b>	61,824 827,648 <b>1,030,908</b>		61,824 112,000 <b>242,002</b>

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS GENERAL FIXED ASSET ACCOUNT GROUP March 31, 2004

	BALANCE APRIL 1, 2003ADD		ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE MARCH 31, 2004		
Land and Buildings:							
Land	\$	10,000			\$	10,000	
Building		5,629				5,629	
Machinery and Equipment		63,306				63,306	
TOTAL	\$	78,935	NONE	NONE	\$	78,935	